Financial Statements as of
June 30, 2022
Together with Independent Auditor's Report and Reports
Required by the Uniform Guidance and Government
Auditing Standards



TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 |
| Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) | |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 5 |
| Basic Financial Statements | |
| Statement of Net Position | 13 |
| Statement of Activities | 14 |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 15 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position | 16 |
| Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental | |
| Funds | 17 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund | |
| Balance to the Statement of Activities | 18 |
| Notes to Basic Financial Statements | 19 |
| Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) | |
| Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - | |
| General Fund | 46 |
| Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios | 48 |
| Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) | 49 |
| Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plans | 50 |
| Supplementary Information | |
| Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 51 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances - | |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 52 |
| Other Information (Unaudited) | |
| Schedule of Change from Original Budget to Revised Budget and the Real Property Tax | |
| Limit - General Fund | 53 |
| Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund | 54 |
| Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets | 56 |
| Required Reports Under the Uniform Guidance | |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on | |
| Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements | |
| Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 57 |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Federal Major Program and | F0 |
| Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 59 62 |
| Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 64 |
| Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs | 65 |
| Sandania or i mampo and questioned costs | 03 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 7, 2022

To the Board of Education of
Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

432 North Franklin Street, #60 Syracuse, New York 13204 p (315) 476-4004 f (315) 254-2384

www.bonadio.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund; Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios; Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the Schedule of Change from Original Budget to Revised Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund, Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund and the Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Asset, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The following is a discussion and analysis of Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's (the School District or District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of Standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The School District's OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 totaled \$64,219,655. The accumulated OPEB liabilities at June 30, 2022 totaled \$66,722,731.
- The Statement of Net Position reflects a total net position (deficit) of \$19,188,816 at June 30, 2022. This compares to the prior year net position (deficit) of \$20,526,196.
- The General Fund budgeted expenditures, including carry-over encumbrances, were underspent by \$1,979,759 during the current year. Revenues in the General Fund were less than estimated by \$382,814 during the year ended June 30, 2022.
- Construction in progress additions during the year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$913,409. Depreciable capital asset additions amounted to \$426,235.
- Principal payments of \$2,065,000 were made during the year ended June 30, 2022 reducing serial bonds and no additional serial bonds were issued, in total decreasing the serial bonds from \$9,615,000 at June 30, 2021 to \$7,550,000 at June 30, 2022.
- Restricted and assigned fund balance in the General Fund, (including reserves and designations), was \$19,540,384, a decrease of \$5,862,459 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements (including footnotes) and supplementary information, both required and not required. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that are presented using different methods of accounting.

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Governmental Fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in greater detail than the District-wide financial statements. The Governmental Fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds with all other Non-Major Funds listed in total in one column.

District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net Position - the difference between the School District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the School District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the School District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the School District's overall health, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are shown as Governmental Activities. Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "Major" Funds - not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The fund financial statements are reported on the modified accrual basis. The School District reports the following fund type:

• Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, additional information following the Governmental Funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Figure 1) and changes in net position (Figure 2) of the School District's Governmental Activities.

Figure 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

| | 6/30/2022 | | 6/30/2021 | | Difference \$ | | Difference % |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ | 32,250,055 | \$ | 31,079,419 | \$ | 1,170,636 | 3.77% |
| Non-current assets - capital assets | | 46,251,524 | | 46,715,259 | | (463,735) | -0.99% |
| Non-current assets - pension asset | | 10,514,287 | | | | 10,514,287 | 100.00% |
| Total Assets | | 89,015,866 | | 77,794,678 | | 11,221,188 | 14.42% |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 20,928,806 | | 24,156,804 | | (3,227,998) | -13.36% |
| Current Liabilities | | 2,420,566 | | 1,793,110 | | 627,456 | 34.99% |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 74,678,585 | | 75,801,583 | | (1,122,998) | -1.48% |
| Total Liabilities | | 77,099,151 | | 77,594,693 | | (495,542) | -0.64% |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 13,656,705 | | 3,912,128 | | 9,744,577 | 249.09% |
| Net Position | \$ | 19,188,816 | \$ | 20,444,661 | | (1,255,845) | -6.14% |

Statement of net position saw impacts that increased both the non-current assets pension asset and deferred inflows of resources while simultaneously decreasing the deferred outflows of resources due to the actuarial valuation of the OPEB liability that reflects changes to ERS, TRS and healthcare in retirement. The \$10M increase to the pension asset is due to assumption changes in ERS and TRS; while the decrease in the deferred outflows of resources was due to both changes in ERS and healthcare changes in assumptions. These can be seen in more detail in the Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) tables located on pages 48 - 50.

Our analysis in Figure 2 considers the operations of the School District's activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Total Expenses by Function

Change in Net Position

| | Figure 2 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Condensed S | Statement of Ac | tivities | | | | | | | | |
| | 6/30/2022 | 6/30/2021 | Difference \$ | Difference % | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 87,944 | \$ 77,834 | \$ 10,110 | 12.99% | | | | | | |
| Operating Grants & Contributions | 3,594,366 | 1,973,228 | 1,621,138 | 82.16% | | | | | | |
| Capital Grants | 175,470 | | 175,470 | 100.00% | | | | | | |
| Total Program Revenues | 3,857,780 | 2,051,062 | 1,806,718 | 88.09% | | | | | | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | 5,389,534 | 5,340,007 | 49,527 | 0.93% | | | | | | |
| Other tax items | 908,423 | 966,062 | (57,639) | -5.97% | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | 52,000 | 44,920 | 7,080 | 15.76% | | | | | | |
| Sale of property and compensation for loss | 132,315 | , - | 132,315 | 100.00% | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | 616,129 | 927,062 | (310,933) | -33.54% | | | | | | |
| State sources | 25,381,034 | 24,520,536 | 860,498 | 3.51% | | | | | | |
| Federal sources | 334,627 | 638,569 | (303,942) | -47.60% | | | | | | |
| Total General Revenues | 32,814,062 | 32,437,156 | 376,906 | 1.16% | | | | | | |
| Expenses by Function: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Support | 6,528,727 | 5,796,319 | 732,408 | 12.64% | | | | | | |
| Instruction | 26,254,369 | 26,459,759 | (205,390) | -0.78% | | | | | | |
| Pupil Transportation | 3,875,275 | 2,932,663 | 942,612 | 32.14% | | | | | | |
| Interest | 462,509 | 517,931 | (55,422) | -10.70% | | | | | | |
| School Lunch Program | 888,342 | 551,932 | 336,410 | 60.95% | | | | | | |

Program revenues for operating grants and contributions increase of \$1.6M reflects the influx of federal funding provided in response to the COVID pandemic. General Revenues for sale of property and compensation for loss increased due to a reimbursement for a bus that was totaled during the year, reimbursed by insurance. The decrease of \$310K in miscellaneous revenue was due to a lower refund from BOCES services from the prior year. Increase in state sources of revenue were as expected from the NYS budget state aid runs with the passing of the NYS budget. The decrease of \$300K in Federal sources is due to the first round of funding for ESSER funding in 2021, which is no longer accounted for in the General Fund as it was. Now it is recorded in the Special Aid Fund.

38,009,222

\$ (1,337,380) \$ (1,770,386)

36,258,604

1,750,618

433,006

4.83%

-24.46%

Expenses of the District generally increased over the 2021 school year. This was due to instruction being delivered in a hybrid model of both in person and remote learning. The return to five day in person learning in 2022 reflects the return to full day activities, including sports and extra-curricular activities. Instructional salaries decreased from 2021 where the district experienced a large number of retiring faculty, as well as hiring new staff at lower starting salaries. The School Lunch program saw food and commodity shortages due to supply chain impacts and product availability that resulted in increased costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

General Fund

The District's General Fund balance at June 30, 2022 is \$20,940,363 a decrease of \$5,789,126 compared to the prior year. The reason for the decrease to fund balance was due to planned use of capital reserves for construction for taxpayer approved capital project, using \$7.2M from reserves.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Figure 3
Revenues – Budget to Actual

| | | | | | | Fir | nal Budget |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|------------|-----|------------|
| | | | Variance with | | | | |
| | Original | | В | udgetary | | | |
| | Budget | Final Budget | | | Actual | | Actual |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Local Sources: | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ 6,238,263 | \$ | 6,238,263 | \$ | 5,389,534 | \$ | (848,729) |
| Other tax items | 75,871 | | 75,871 | | 908,423 | | 832,552 |
| Other local sources | 467,710 | | 468,710 | _ | 722,544 | | 253,834 |
| | 6,781,844 | | 6,782,844 | | 7,020,501 | | 237,657 |
| State sources | 26,184,441 | | 26,184,441 | | 25,381,034 | | (803,407) |
| Federal sources | 200,000 | | 201,612 | | 334,627 | | 133,015 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total revenue | 33,166,285 | | 33,168,897 | | 32,736,162 | | (432,735) |
| Proceeds from capital leases | | | - | | 49,921 | | 49,921 |
| Total revenues and other sources | \$ 33,166,285 | \$ | 33,168,897 | \$ | 32,786,083 | \$ | (382,814) |

The District had actual revenues come in lower than expected of budgeted revenues by \$382,814. The State sources of revenue were decreased as anticipated due to the COVID pandemic resulting in reduced spending in the areas of BOCES, Transportation and other Special Education services which is based on the expense driven aids to follow in the next school year. The Other local sources were more than budgeted due to the BOCES surplus coming in at approximately \$140,000 more than budget and other miscellaneous refunds from multiple vendors that were not initially budgeted in the amount of approximately \$96,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Figure 4
Expenditures – Budget to Actual

| | | | | | Final Budget |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | | Variance with |
| | Original | | | | Budgetary |
| | Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Encumbrances | Actual |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| General Support | \$ 3,950,639 | \$ 4,104,085 | \$ 3,782,927 | \$ 76,839 | \$ 244,319 |
| Instruction | 16,458,169 | 16,643,667 | 15,218,087 | 44,007 | 1,381,573 |
| Pupil transportation | 2,101,816 | 2,104,066 | 2,302,460 | 4,291 | (202,685) |
| Employee benefits | 7,618,111 | 7,590,737 | 7,053,952 | - | 536,785 |
| Capital outlay | - | - | 49,921 | - | (49,921) |
| Debt service - principal | 2,124,701 | 2,124,701 | 2,124,701 | - | - |
| Debt service - interest | 433,849 | 433,849 | 466,506 | | (32,657) |
| | | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 32,687,285 | 33,001,105 | 30,998,554 | 125,137 | 1,877,414 |
| | | | | | |
| Other Uses - Transfers to Other | | | | | |
| Funds | 479,000 | 7,679,000 | 7,576,655 | | 102,345 |
| | | | | | |
| Total expenditures and | | | | | |
| other uses | 33,166,285 | 40,680,105 | 38,575,209 | 125,137 | 1,979,759 |
| | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$ - | \$ (7,511,208) | (5,789,126) | \$ (125,137) | \$ 1,596,945 |
| | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE - beginning of year | | | 26,729,489 | | |
| | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE - end of year | | | \$ 20,940,363 | | |

The District had favorable budget expenditure variances with actual expenditures being \$1,877,414 less than the modified budget amounts. The Instructional budget for salaries and benefits experienced favorable underspending due to staff turnover resulting in breakage in salaries.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the taxpayers of the School District had approved a capital project in the total amount of \$37M, whereby the amount in construction in progress is made up by fees for the startup of the project; while the decreases reflect the close out of a capital outlay project. Adoption of GASB 87 for leases is also reflected in the lease asset category.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

| | В | eginning of | Fi | igure 5 | | | | | | |
|---|----|-------------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Year | | Increases | Decreases | | Е | nd of Year | Net Change | |
| | | (restated) | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 64,800 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 64,800 | \$ | - |
| Construction in Progress | | - | | 913,409 | | (99,250) | | 814,159 | | 814,159 |
| Depreciable Assets | | 69,974,004 | | 426,235 | | (466,264) | | 69,933,975 | | (40,029) |
| Lease Assets | | 216,335 | _ | 49,921 | 921 | | 266,256 | | | 49,921 |
| Total Capital Assets | | 70,255,139 | | 1,389,565 | | (565,514) | | 71,079,190 | | 824,051 |
| Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization | | 23,323,545 | | 1,923,345 | | (419,224) | | 24,827,666 | | 1,504,121 |
| Net Capital Assets | \$ | 46,931,594 | \$ | (533,780) | \$ | (146,290) | \$ | 46,251,524 | \$ | (680,070) |

Upon completion of current construction projects, the remaining balance in construction in progress will be reclassified to the appropriate categories (buildings, improvements, etc.), at which time these assets will begin to be depreciated. Additional major capital projects are planned for the near future in accordance with the School District's Long Range Capital Plan.

Debt Administration

| | Be | ginning of | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------|------------|----|--------|---|----|-------------|----|------------|------------|-------------|--|
| | Year Iss | | | Issued | | R | edeemed | Er | nd of Year | Net Change | | |
| Serial Bonds | \$ | 9,615,000 | \$ | | _ | \$ | (2,065,000) | \$ | 7,550,000 | \$ | (2,065,000) | |

More detailed information about the District's outstanding debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The Altmar Parish Williamstown Central School District accepted the retirement of the Superintendent at the March 2022 board meeting and also appointed the successor Superintendent to become effective September 16, 2022. While the district has completed the school year with the first year implementation of the strategic plan under the retiring Superintendent, the consistency of the plan allows for the successor Superintendent to pick up where they left off. The Board looked within to find the qualified replacement and offered the position to the Assistant Superintendent for Curriculum, Instruction & Pupil Personnel Services. This should provide for a seamless transition.

The District holds monthly committee meetings for both long range facility planning as well as financial planning. These committees help foster in-depth conversations that review the building/physical needs of the District and the outcome of those decisions on the financials. The Finance Committee helped to foster the conversation about the details contained in the Financial Reserve and Fund Balance plan document. This document addresses the recommendations of the NYS Comptroller to memorialize the actions taken by the board to fund and utilize reserves on an annual basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The District Long Range Planning Committee offered a vote to the community on December 7, 2021 to consider a \$37M renovation to the facilities that was approved by district voters. The scope of the project involves renovations to all district buildings, with an addition proposed at the JSHS along with sitework at each building. The funding for the project will be to utilize the reserves of the District that include both the Capital Reserve and Debt Service Fund to pay the local share for taxpayers with an anticipated outcome of the local share resulting in as close to a no tax increase as possible, depending on project aidability. From January to June, the district held stakeholder meetings and worked with the architects and construction manager to deliver the phase one of this project to NYSED on July 15, 2022. The work continues on the phase two and three and will lead to planned submissions to NYSED in the subsequent school year.

The COVID-19 emergency continued in the 2021-2022 school year but to a lesser extent than in years past. The district was able to be open for the full five days a week, while attendance during the year had highs and lows with the number of COVID infections impacting both staff and students. This did not result in the complete shutdown of schools for long periods of time, rather we were able to pivot to remote learning for a day or two where needed. The school year did focus on helping students return to the classroom and dealing with their peers after being away for almost two years. The social emotional impact of the COVID pandemic continues to reveal itself as we did spend staff time with students to offer support where students needed it to allow the learning to begin again and carry-on.

The District ended the fiscal year 2021-2022 in a strong financial position. The reserves of the district will be reviewed and considered for use given the unknown impact that the current inflation is having on the economy as a whole. Any recommended adjustments are documented in the Financial Reserve and Fund Balance Plan Document which is adopted by the board in June. Since June 30, 2020, the Federal government has responded to the pandemic with two additional rounds of funding that have allowed the District to use funding under CRSSA and ARP funding streams to meet the ongoing needs of the pandemic and its impact to faculty, staff, and students. These funding streams are available to the district outside of the General Fund and are available for up to three years ending in September 2024. The District will continue to monitor fund balance and budgets in the near term to address any impacts that may occur.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at 315-625-5254.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| CURRENT ACCETC. | |
|--|----------------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS: | \$ 1,391,633 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - restricted | 27,431,868 |
| Due from other governments | 3,242,402 |
| Other receivables | 168,490 |
| Inventories | 15,664 |
| Total current assets | 32,250,055 |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS: | |
| Capital assets, non-depreciable | 878,959 |
| Capital assets, depreciable, net | 45,372,565 |
| Net pension asset - ERS | 781,968 |
| Net pension asset - TRS | 9,732,319 |
| Total non current assets | 56,765,812 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions ERS | 1,550,216 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions TRS | 5,702,64 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related | 13,675,949 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related | 15,075,94 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 20,928,800 |
| LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | |
| Accounts payable | 703,903 |
| Accrued liabilities | 409,300 |
| Due to other governments | 13,44 |
| Due to teachers' retirement system | 968,259 |
| Due to employees' retirement system | 84,819 |
| Unearned revenue | 240,83 |
| Total current liabilities | 2,420,560 |
| LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: | |
| Due and payable within one year: | |
| Bonds payable, current | 2,060,000 |
| Compensated absences payable, current | 84,580 |
| Lease liabilities, current | 36,37 |
| | 30,37. |
| Due and payable in more than one year: | F 400 000 |
| Bonds payable, net of current portion | 5,490,000 |
| Compensated absences payable, net of current | 196,254 |
| Lease liabilities, net of current portion Total other postemployment benefits | 88,645 66,722,732 |
| Total long-term liabilities | 74,678,58 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions ERS | 2,750,728 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions TRS | 10,905,97 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 13,656,70 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 38,312,102 |
| Restricted | 27,008,294 |
| Unrestricted | (46,131,580 |
| | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | | | Program Revenue | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position |
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Interest School lunch program | \$ 6,528,727 26,254,369 3,875,275 462,509 888,342 | \$ - - - - 87,944 | \$ - 2,847,609 - - - 746,757 | \$ 175,470 - - - - | \$ (6,353,257) (23,406,760) (3,875,275) (462,509) (53,641) |
| TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS | \$ 38,009,222 | \$ 87,944 | \$ 3,594,366 | \$ 175,470 | (34,151,442) |
| | GENERAL REVENU Real property taxe Other tax items Use of money and Sale of property ar Miscellaneous State sources Federal sources TOTAL GENERAL R | property nd compensation f | or loss | | 5,389,534 908,423 52,000 132,315 616,129 25,381,034 334,627 |
| | CHANGE IN NET PO | | | | (1,337,380) |
| | NET POSITION - be | eginning of year, as | s previously reporte | ed | 20,444,661 |
| | RESTATEMENT (No | ote 14) | | | 81,535 |
| | NET POSITION - be | eginning of year, as | restated | | 20,526,196 |
| | CHANGE IN NET PO | OSITION | | | (1,337,380) |
| | TOTAL NET POSITI | ON - end of year | | | \$ 19,188,816 |

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

| | | | | Nonmajor Governmental | Total Governmental |
|--|---------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | General | Special Aid | Capital Projects | Funds | Funds |
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted | \$ 1,151,442 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 240,189 | \$ 1,391,631 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - restricted | 18,256,247 | - | 7,140,459 | 2,035,162 | 27,431,868 |
| Due from other funds | 1,816,140 | 1,530 | 187,000 | 202,675 | 2,207,345 |
| Due from other governments | 1,459,592 | 1,458,064 | 175,470 | 149,276 | 3,242,402 |
| Other receivables | 139,767 | 28,723 | - | - | 168,490 |
| Inventories | _ | _ | - | 15,664 | 15,664 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 22,823,188 | \$ 1,488,317 | \$ 7,502,929 | \$ 2,642,966 | \$ 34,457,400 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 157,877 | \$ 219,133 | \$ 264,402 | \$ 62,491 | \$ 703,903 |
| Accrued liabilities | 378,781 | 8,450 | - | 8,103 | 395,334 |
| Due to other funds | 208,509 | 1,019,902 | 789,806 | 189,128 | 2,207,345 |
| Due to other governments | - | - | - | 13,447 | 13,447 |
| Due to teachers' retirement system | 968,259 | - | - | - | 968,259 |
| Due to employees' retirement system | 84,819 | - | - | - | 84,819 |
| Compensated absences payable | 84,580 | - | - | - | 84,580 |
| Unearned revenue | | 240,832 | | | 240,832 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 1,882,825 | 1,488,317 | 1,054,208 | 273,169 | 4,698,519 |
| FUND BALANCE: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | 15,664 | 15,664 |
| Restricted: | | | | | |
| Workers' compensation | 478,831 | - | - | - | 478,831 |
| Unemployment insurance | 71,916 | - | - | - | 71,916 |
| Employee benefit accrued liability | 724,276 | - | - | - | 724,276 |
| Capital | 4,182,801 | - | 6,448,721 | - | 10,631,522 |
| Repair | 10,131,142 | - | - | - | 10,131,142 |
| Retirement contribution | 2,187,386 | - | - | - | 2,187,386 |
| Insurance | 479,895 | - | - | - | 479,895 |
| Debt service | - | - | - | 1,884,991 | 1,884,991 |
| Other | <u> </u> | _ | - | 418,335 | 418,335 |
| Total restricted fund balance | 18,256,247 | | 6,448,721 | 2,303,326 | 27,008,294 |
| Assigned: | | | | | |
| Encumbered for: | | | | | |
| General support | 76,839 | - | - | - | 76,839 |
| Instruction | 44,007 | - | - | - | 44,007 |
| Pupil transportation | 4,291 | - | - | - | 4,291 |
| Appropriated for subsequent years expenditures | 1,159,000 | - | - | - | 1,159,000 |
| Other | | | | 50,807 | 50,807 |
| Total assigned fund balance | 1,284,137 | | | 50,807 | 1,334,944 |
| Unassigned | 1,399,979 | | | | 1,399,979 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCE | 20,940,363 | | 6,448,721 | 2,369,797 | 29,758,881 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | \$ 22,823,188 | \$ 1,488,317 | \$ 7,502,929 | \$ 2,642,966 | \$ 34,457,400 |

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from amounts reported in the Balance Sheet because: | | |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Total Governmental Funds - Fund Balance per the Balance Sheet | | \$ 29,758,881 |
| The cost of investment in capital assets (including lease assets) and the depreciation expense and amortization expense associated with the investment in capital assets are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred in the governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those costs among the assets of the District, and their original costs are depreciated annually over the life of the asset. | | |
| Original cost of capital assets | 71,079,190 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (24,827,666) | |
| Net cost of capital assets | | 46,251,524 |
| The net pension assets are long-term in nature and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Pensions - ERS | 781,968 | |
| Pensions - TRS | 9,732,319 | |
| Total net pension assets | | 10,514,287 |
| Deferred outflows of resources not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet but included in the Statement of Net Position are as follows: | | |
| Pensions - ERS | 1,550,216 | |
| Pensions - TRS | 5,702,641 | |
| Other postemployment benefits | 13,675,949 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | · · · | 20,928,806 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities recorded in the Statement of Position are as follows: | | |
| Interest payable | (13,972) | |
| Bonds payable | (7,550,000) | |
| Lease liabilities | (125,020) | |
| Other postemployment benefits liability | (66,722,731) | |
| Compensated absences | (196,254) | |
| Total long-term liabilities | | (74,607,977) |
| Deferred inflows of resources not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet but recorded in the Statement of Net Position are as follows: | | |
| Pensions - ERS | (2,750,728) | |
| Pensions - TRS | (10,905,977) | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | (13,656,705) |
| Net position per the Statement of Net Position | | \$ 19,188,816 |

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | General | | Special Aid | | Capital Projects | | Nonmajor overnmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds | |
|--|---------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| REVENUE: | | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ | 5,389,534 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 5,389,534 |
| Other tax items | | 908,423 | | - | | - | - | | 908,423 |
| Sales | | - | | - | | - | 87,944 | | 87,944 |
| Use of money and property | | 48,887 | | - | | - | 3,113 | | 52,000 |
| Sale of property and compensation for loss | | 132,315 | | - | | - | - | | 132,315 |
| Miscellaneous | | 541,342 | | - | | 175 470 | 74,787 | | 616,129 |
| State sources | | 25,381,034 | | 849,329 | | 175,470 | 14,608 | | 26,420,441 |
| Federal sources | - | 334,627 | | 1,998,280 | | | 732,149 | - | 3,065,056 |
| Total revenue | | 32,736,162 | | 2,847,609 | | 175,470 | 912,601 | | 36,671,842 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | |
| General support | | 3,782,927 | | 1,650 | | - | 370,679 | | 4,155,256 |
| Instruction | | 15,218,087 | | 2,579,876 | | - | - | | 17,797,963 |
| Pupil transportation | | 2,302,460 | | 77,536 | | - | - | | 2,379,996 |
| Employee benefits | | 7,053,952 | | 229,952 | | - | 116,163 | | 7,400,067 |
| Cost of sales | | - | | - | | - | 401,500 | | 401,500 |
| Capital outlay | | 49,921 | | - | | 1,261,999 | - | | 1,311,920 |
| Other expenditures | | - | | - | | - | 63,415 | | 63,415 |
| Debt service - principal | | 2,124,701 | | - | | - | - | | 2,124,701 |
| Debt service - interest | | 466,506 | | <u>-</u> | | | | | 466,506 |
| Total expenditures | | 30,998,554 | | 2,889,014 | | 1,261,999 | 951,757 | | 36,101,324 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES | | 1,737,608 | | (41,405) | | (1,086,529) | (39,156) | | 570,518 |
| OTHER SOURCES AND (USES): | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from capital leases | | 49,921 | | - | | - | - | | 49,921 |
| Operating transfers in | | - | | 41,405 | | 7,535,250 | - | | 7,576,655 |
| Operating transfers out | | (7,576,655) | | | | | | | (7,576,655) |
| Total other sources (uses) | | (7,526,734) | | 41,405 | | 7,535,250 | <u>-</u> | | 49,921 |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | (5,789,126) | | - | | 6,448,721 | (39,156) | | 620,439 |
| FUND BALANCE - beginning of year | | 26,729,489 | | | | | 2,408,953 | | 29,138,442 |
| FUND BALANCE - end of year | \$ | 20,940,363 | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 6,448,721 | \$ 2,369,797 | \$ | 29,758,881 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Activities are different from amounts

| reported in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances because: | | |
|--|----|-------------------------|
| Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds | \$ | 620,439 |
| | * | 020, 100 |
| Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the statement of net position. | | |
| Capital asset additions | | 1,290,315 |
| Loss on disposition of capital assets Depreciation and amortization expense | | (47,040) (1,923,345) |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | (1,323,343) |
| ERS pension (expense)/income resulting from the change in the pension related (liabilities)/assets and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, that are long-term in nature and therefore not reported in the funds. | | |
| Net pension liability/asset | | 792,427 |
| Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources | | (730,060) |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | 316,792 |
| TRS pension (expense)/income resulting from the change in the pension related (liabilities)/assets and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, that are long-term in nature and therefore not reported in the funds. | | |
| Net pension liability/asset | | 11,248,080 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | 297,964 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | (10,061,369) |
| Other postemployment benefits (expense)/income resulting from the change in the pension related (liabilities)/assets and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, that are long-term in nature and therefore not reported in the funds. | | |
| Other postemployment benefits liability | | (2,503,076) |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | (2,795,902) |
| Issuance of long-term debt and related premiums and lease liabilities are recognized as proceeds in the governmental funds, but recorded as a liability in the statement of net position. | | (49,921) |
| Repayments of long-term serial bonds and lease liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as payments of liabilities in the statement of net position. | | 2,124,701 |
| | | |
| Decrease in accrued interest not previously reported in the funds. | | 3,997 |
| Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds include the following: | | |
| Change in long-term compensated absences liability | | 78,618 |
| Change in net position - governmental activities | \$ | (1,337,380) |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District (the District) provides K-12 public education to students living within its geographic borders.

Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the Laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (BOE). The President of the Board serves as chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The BOE has authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by the GASB and consists of the primary government, and when applicable, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financials statements present the activities of the District including the Extraclassroom Activity Funds (the ECA Funds).

The ECA Funds and the related transactions are facilitated by the student body, however, the Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The District accounts for the ECA Funds in the Extraclassroom Activities Fund, a special revenue fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the ECA Funds can be found at the District's business office.

Joint Venture

The District is a component school district in the CiTi Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$5,387,807 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year, the District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES and had no outstanding debt.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,950,758.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

2. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

Basis of Presentation

The District's financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund level financial statements which provide more detailed information.

District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenue, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenue includes charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, is presented as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, of which separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Special Revenue Fund - These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties. The following is the major special revenue fund reported by the District:

 Special Aid Fund: Used to account for proceeds from State and Federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Fund - See description above. The following are the nonmajor special revenue funds reported by the District:

- School Lunch Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for school lunch operations.
- Extraclassroom Activities Fund: This fund accounts for the activities of the student run clubs and organization of the District.
- Scholarship Fund: This fund accounts for amounts contributed to fund scholarships and the distribution of scholarships.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured, whereas basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place.

Non-exchange transactions in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, and donations.

On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The district considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and Its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets include amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes.

Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments include receivables from New York State, the Federal government and BOCES. Management does not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

Inventory

Inventory of food in the school lunch fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education for a tax collection period of 60 days. There is no opportunity to pay the tax bill after October 31. Unpaid taxes are returned to the Oswego County Treasurer and will be added to the county tax bill with an additional 7% re-levy fee.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the statement of net position for interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold is used to report capital assets and the range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

| Capita | lization | Depreciation | Estimated | |
|-----------|----------|---------------|--|--|
| Threshold | | Method | Useful Life | |
| | _ | | | |
| \$ | 5,000 | Straight-Line | 20 - 50 years | |
| \$ | 5,000 | Straight-Line | 5 - 20 years | |
| | • | \$ 5,000 | Threshold Method \$ 5,000 Straight-Line | Threshold Method Useful Life \$ 5,000 Straight-Line 20 - 50 years |

Capital assets also include lease assets with a term greater than one year. The District does not implement a capitalization threshold for lease assets. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time. Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

The liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are recognized as expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the balance sheet and statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

District-wide Statements - Equity Classifications

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) plus unspent bond proceeds reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations or other liabilities from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Equity classifications

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable fund balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (prepaid expenditures and inventory, when applicable) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has available the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve

According to Education Law §3651, this reserve must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance.

Reserve for Debt Service

According to General Municipal Law §6-I, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Repair

Repair reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, that are of a type not recurring annually. The BOE, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, this reserve must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, this reserve must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

Retirement Contribution

Retirement contribution reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Of this reserve at June 30, 2022, \$751,353 is reserved under the TRS Reserve Sub Fund.

Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u>

This reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the District has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to the tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund under restricted fund balance.

Other

Other restricted fund balance amounts in the School Lunch Fund, Extraclassroom Activities Fund and Scholarship Fund are restricted for the purposes of those funds.

Committed fund balance - Includes amounts that can be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the BOE. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned fund balance - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as assigned fund balance in the General fund. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Unassigned fund balance - Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

By resolution, the Board of Education is authorized to assign fund balance. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance. The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates and such differences may be significant.

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board Of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the BOE as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budgetary control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

Portions of the fund balances are restricted and are not available for current expenditures or expenses, as reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's aggregate bank balances (not including investments in external investment pools) were insured and collateralized as follows:

| | | Carrying |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| <u>Description</u> | Bank Balance | Amount |
| Primary government | \$ 15,728,289 | \$ 14,645,611 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 15,728,289 | \$ 14,645,611 |
| | | |
| Category 1: | | |
| Covered by FDIC insurance | \$ 500,000 | |
| Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust | | |
| department or agent in the District's name | 15,228,289 | |
| | \$ 15,728,289 | |

Investments in External Investment Pools

At June 30, 2022, the District's cash and cash equivalents included amounts with a fair value of \$14,177,888 invested in NYCLASS, an external investment pool for local governments in New York State.

NYCLASS measures its investments at fair value in accordance with Paragraph 41 of Statement 79 and Paragraph 11 of Statement 31, and therefore a Participant's investment in NYCLASS is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy for purposes of Paragraph 81a(2) of Statement 72.

NYCLASS is rated by S&P Global Ratings. The current rating is 'AAAm.'

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of NYCLASS at March 31, 2022, is 57 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of NYCLASS at March 31, 2022, is 61 days.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

| | Beginning | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Balance | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance |
| | (restated) | | | |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 64,800 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 64,800 |
| Construction in progress | | 913,409 | (99,250) | 814,159 |
| Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated | 64,800 | 913,409 | (99,250) | 878,959 |
| Capital Assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 64,395,017 | 99,250 | - | 64,494,267 |
| Furniture and equipment | 5,578,987 | 326,985 | (466,264) | 5,439,708 |
| Total Capital Assets, being depreciated | 69,974,004 | 426,235 | (466,264) | 69,933,975 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 20,000,043 | 1,437,086 | - | 21,437,129 |
| Furniture and equipment | 3,323,502 | 413,448 | (419,224) | 3,317,726 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 23,323,545 | 1,850,534 | (419,224) | 24,754,855 |
| Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net | 46,650,459 | (1,424,299) | (47,040) | 45,179,120 |
| Lease Assets, being amortized: | | | | |
| Copy machine | 134,800 | 10,966 | - | 145,766 |
| Equipment | 81,535 | 38,955 | | 120,490 |
| Total Lease Assets, being amortized | 216,335 | 49,921 | | 266,256 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization for: | | | | |
| Copy machine | - | 40,790 | - | 40,790 |
| Equipment | | 32,021 | | 32,021 |
| Total Accumulated Amortization | | 72,811 | | 72,811 |
| Total Lease Assets, being amortized, net | 216,335 | (22,890) | | 193,445 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net | \$ 46,931,594 | \$ (533,780) | \$ (146,290) | \$ 46,251,524 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation and amortization were charged to governmental activities as follows:

| | De | Amortization | | |
|----------------------|----|--------------|----|--------|
| General support | \$ | 1,535,279 | \$ | - |
| Instruction | | - | | 72,811 |
| Pupil transportation | | 315,255 | | |
| | | | | |
| Total depreciation | \$ | 1,850,534 | \$ | 72,811 |

6. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund. The District did not issue any RANs or TANs during the year ending June 30, 2022 and does not have any RANs or TANs outstanding at June 30, 2022.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which an insufficient or no provision is made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued. The District did not issue or redeem any budget notes during the year.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. The District did not issue any BANs during the year ending June 30, 2022 and does not have any BANs outstanding at June 30, 2022.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

| | _ | | | | | | | | | nount Due |
|----------------------|----|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|----|------------|
| | В | Beginning | | | | | | | W | ithin One/ |
| | | Balance | Additions | | Deletions | | ns Ending Balance | | | Year |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Serial bonds | \$ | 9,615,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | (2,065,000) | \$ | 7,550,000 | \$ | 2,060,000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | \$ | 440,708 | \$ | | \$ | (159,874) | \$ | 280,834 | \$ | 84,580 |

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net because it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interest on all debt for the year was composed of:

| Interest paid | \$ 466,506 |
|--|---------------|
| Less: Interest accrued in the prior year | (17,969) |
| Plus: Interest accrued in the current year | 13,972 |
| Total interest expense | \$ 462,509 |

Issue dates, maturities, and interest rates on outstanding debt are as follows:

| Bond Issue | Issued | Maturity | Interest Rate | | 5/30/2022 Balance |
|------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|----|----------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Serial Bonds | 6/15/2011 | 6/25/2024 | 1.00% - 4.50% | \$ | 905,000 |
| Serial Bonds | 7/15/2012 | 7/15/2026 | 3.00% - 5.00% | | 6,550,000 |
| Serial Bonds | 10/15/2017 | 6/15/2023 | 2.34% - 2.88% | _ | 95,000 |
| | | | | | |
| Total bond issue | | | | \$ | 7,550,000 |

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness as of June 30, 2022:

| | Principal | | Interest | Total | | |
|--------|-----------------|----|----------|-------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ 2,060,000 | \$ | 335,316 | \$ | 2,395,316 | |
| 2024 | 2,055,000 | | 237,000 | | 2,292,000 | |
| 2025 | 1,675,000 | | 136,550 | | 1,811,550 | |
| 2026 | 1,760,000 | | 52,800 | | 1,812,800 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 7,550,000 | \$ | 761,666 | \$ | 8,311,666 | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

8. LEASES

The District leases various copiers and equipment, primarily from BOCES. The leases do not contain renewal options. The leases have various inception dates and remaining terms of 24 - 61 months. Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

| | Interest Rate / | Total Initial |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Description | Discount Rate | Lease Liability |
| Copier | 2.16% | \$ 134,800 |
| Equipment | 2.16% | 5,670 |
| Equipment | 2.16% | 6,114 |
| Equipment | 2.16% | - |
| Equipment | 2.16% | - |
| Equipment | 2.16% | 15,885 |
| Equipment | 2.16% | 10,966 |
| Equipment | 2.16% | 11,285 |

Activity of lease liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

| | | • | | | | | | Am | nount Due |
|----|----------|----|----------|-----|------------|------|-------------|----|-----------|
| В | eginning | | | | | | | W | ithin One |
| | Balance | Ac | dditions | Suk | otractions | Endi | ing Balance | | Year |
| (r | estated) | | | | _ | | | | |
| \$ | 134,800 | \$ | 49,921 | \$ | (59,701) | \$ | 125,020 | \$ | 36,375 |

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

| | F | Principal | | Interest | | Total |
|-------|----|-----------|----|----------|----|---------|
| | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| 2023 | \$ | 36,375 | \$ | 2,342 | Ş | 38,717 |
| 2024 | | 37,169 | | 1,548 | | 38,717 |
| 2025 | | 37,350 | | 738 | | 38,088 |
| 2026 | | 13,138 | | 97 | | 13,235 |
| 2027 | | 988 | | 5 | | 993 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 125,020 | \$ | 4,730 | \$ | 129,750 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

| | Inte | Interfund | | Transfers | |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | <u>Receivable</u> | <u>Payable</u> | <u>In</u> | <u>Out</u> | |
| General Special Aid Capital Projects School Lunch | \$ 1,816,140 1,530 187,000 202,675 | \$ 208,509 1,019,902 789,806 189,128 | \$ - 41,405 7,535,250 | \$ 7,576,655 - - - | |
| Total | \$ 2,207,345 | \$ 2,207,345 | \$ 7,576,655 | \$ 7,576,655 | |

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

10. PENSION PLANS

New York State Employee Retirement System (NYSERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) also referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system, providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once an employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable.

The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The system is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contributions

The system is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27th, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) who generally contribute 3 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

| 2022 | \$ 479,449 |
|------|---------------|
| 2021 | 481,464 |
| 2020 | 469,586 |

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$781,968) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Districts' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.0095658%, a decrease from its proportion reported at June 30, 2021 of 0.0105033%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$62,493. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred | | | Deferred |
|--|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | Outflows of | | Inflows of | |
| | Resources | | | Resources |
| | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 59,220 | \$ | 76,811 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 1,305,017 | | 22,021 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | |
| pension plan investments | | - | | 2,560,618 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between the District's | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 101,160 | | 91,278 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 84,819 | | |
| | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,550,216 | \$ | 2,750,728 |

The District reported \$84,819 in contributions subsequent to the measurement that would be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ended March 31:

| 2023 | \$ (184,342) |
|------|----------------|
| 2024 | (281,727) |
| 2025 | (671,372) |
| 2026 | (147,890) |
| | \$ (1,285,331) |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation 2.70%

Salary scale 4.4% indexed by service Projected COLAs 1.4% compounded annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2020 experience study of the period

April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020

Investment Rate of Return 5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized below:

| | | Long-Term |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | Target | expected real |
| | Allocations in | rate of return |
| Asset Type | % | in % |
| | | |
| Domestic Equity | 32.0 | 3.30 |
| International Equity | 15.0 | 5.85 |
| Private Equity | 10.0 | 6.50 |
| Real Estate | 9.0 | 5.00 |
| Opportunistic/Absolute Return Strategy | 3.0 | 4.10 |
| Credit | 4.0 | 3.78 |
| Real Assets | 3.0 | 5.80 |
| Fixed Income | 23.0 | - |
| Cash | 1.0 | (1.00) |
| | 100.0 | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.9%) or 1% higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-----------|----|-----------|----------------|--|
| | 1% Decrease | | | Discount | 1% Increase | |
| | | (4.9%) | | (5.9%) | (6.9%) | |
| Proportionate Share of Net Pension liability (asset) | \$ | 2,012,777 | \$ | (781,968) | \$ (3,119,638) | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability (in 000's) of the employers as of March 31, 2022, were as follows:

| Total pension liability | \$: | 223,874,888 |
|---|------|--------------|
| Plan net position | | 232,049,473) |
| · | | |
| Net pension liability (asset) | \$ | (8,174,585) |
| ERS net position as a percentage of total pension liability | | 103.65% |

New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. NYSTRS offers a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. NYSTRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Contributions

NYSTRS is noncontributory for the employees who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the NYSTRS after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the System more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For employees who joined after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012, contributions of 3.5% are paid throughout their active membership.

For employees who joined after April 1, 2012, required contributions of 3.5% of their salary are paid until April 1, 2013 and they then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District contributions made to NYSTRS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

| | TRS |
|------|---------------|
| | |
| 2022 | \$ 908,445 |
| 2021 | 824,905 |
| 2020 | 972,233 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$9,732,319) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Districts' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

The District's proportion measured June 30, 2021 was 0.056162% percent, which was an increase from its proportion measured June 30, 2020 of 0.054854%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of (\$505,705). At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Deferred | | Deferred |
|--|----|-------------|----|------------|
| | C | outflows of | | Inflows of |
| | | Resources | | Resources |
| | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 1,341,497 | \$ | 50,564 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 3,201,164 | | 566,879 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | | | |
| investments | | - | | 10,185,880 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions | | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | | 191,721 | | 102,654 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 968,259 | _ | |
| Total | \$ | 5,702,641 | \$ | 10,905,977 |

The District made contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$968,259 that will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the plan year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

| Plan's Year Ended June 30: | |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| 2022 | \$ (1,204,079) |
| 2023 | (1,458,177) |
| 2024 | (1,854,662) |
| 2025 | (2,430,988) |
| 2026 | 457,614 |
| Thereafter | 318,697 |
| | \$ (6,171,595) |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.40%

Projected Salary Increases Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been calculated based

upon recent NYSTRS member experience.

| Service | Rate |
|---------|-------|
| 5 | 5.18% |
| 15 | 3.64% |
| 25 | 2.50% |
| 35 | 1.95% |

Projected COLAs 1.30% compounded annually

Investment Rate of Return 6.95% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense

including inflation

Annuitant morality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2020, applied on a generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expect future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized below:

| | | Long-Term |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Target | expected real |
| | Allocations in | rate of return |
| _ | % | in % |
| Asset class: | | |
| Domestic Equity | 33 | 6.8 |
| International Equity | 16 | 7.6 |
| Global Equity | 4 | 7.1 |
| Real Estate Equity | 11 | 6.5 |
| Private Equity | 8 | 10.0 |
| Domestic Fixed Income | 16 | 1.3 |
| Global Bonds | 2 | 0.8 |
| Private Debt | 1 | 5.9 |
| Real Estate Debt | 7 | 3.3 |
| High-Yield Bonds | 1 | 3.8 |
| Cash Equivalents | 1 | (0.2) |
| | | |
| | 100 | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the NYSTRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the school districts calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the school districts' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.95%) or 1% higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease dis | | discount rate | | % Increase | |
| Proportionate Share of Net Position liability | | | | | | |
| (asset) | \$ | (1,021,265) | \$ | (9,732,319) | \$ | (17,053,328) |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability (asset) (in 000's) of the employers measured as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

| Total pension liability | \$ 130,819,415 |
|--|--------------------|
| Plan net position | 148,148,457 |
| Net pension liability (asset) | \$ (17,329,042) |
| NYSTRS net position as a percentage of total pension liability | 113.2% |

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The District provides certain other postemployment benefits (predominately health insurance and life insurance) for retired employees of the District in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The District administers the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB).

Funding Policy

As of the date of these financial statements, New York State did not yet have legislation that would enable government entities to establish a qualifying trust for the purpose of funding Other Postemployment Benefits. As such there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4, to fund this obligation and benefits are paid on a pay as you go basis.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Actives | 250 |
|--|-----|
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | - |
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 116 |
| Total participants | 366 |

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$66,722,731 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

| Changes in the Total OPEB L | iability |
|-----------------------------|----------|
|-----------------------------|----------|

| Balance at June 30, 2021 | \$ 64,219,655 |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Changes for the Year- | |
| Service cost | 2,480,077 |
| Interest | 1,372,569 |
| Benefit payments | (1,349,570) |
| Net changes | 2,503,076 |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | \$ 66,722,731 |

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2022 measurement period was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount Rate 2.16%. The discount rate was based on the index provided by

Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index based on the 20

year AA municipal bond rate as of June 30, 2021.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

| Current Year Trend | 7.00% |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Ultimate Trend | 4.04% |
| Year Ultimate Trend is Reached | 2089 |

Salary Increases 2.00%

Mortality Rates SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2020

(Base Rate 2006).

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

| | Discount Rate | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Current | | |
| | 1% Decrease | | Discount | | 1% Increas | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 81,694,707 | \$ | 66,722,731 | \$ | 55,294,750 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates as defined in the Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs section of this footnote:

| | <u> </u> | Healthcare Cost Trend Rate | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------|----------------------------|----|------------|----|-------------|--|
| | | Current Cost | | | | | |
| | _ 19 | 1% Decrease | | Trend | | 1% Increase | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 53,014,406 | \$ | 66,722,731 | \$ | 85,476,184 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,648,548. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred | Deferred |
|---|---------------|------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| | Resources | Resources |
| Changes of assumptions | \$ 5,866,068 | \$ - |
| Differences between Expected and Actual | 7,809,881 | |
| Total | \$ 13,675,949 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ending June | <u>Amount</u> |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 2,795,902 |
| 2024 | 2,795,902 |
| 2025 | 2,795,902 |
| 2026 | 2,498,668 |
| 2027 | 2,789,575 |
| | |
| | \$ 13,675,949 |

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

General

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Worker's Compensation

The School District participates in a Workers' Compensation Consortium for its employees. Benefits are provided through self funding by the individual participants through the purchase of insurance and through the purchase of "stop-loss" coverage. A member may withdraw from the Plan by submitting a notice of withdrawal by May 1 preceding the school year of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, the Board will determine amounts owed by the member or amounts that may be due to the withdrawing member. The District funds its portion of the program through the General Fund and premiums due to the Workers' Compensation Consortium totaled \$197,317 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

13. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County of Oswego Industrial Development Agency entered into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District's property tax revenue was discounted \$54,696. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$45,869.

14. RESTATEMENT

Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset. These changes were incorporated in the District's financial statements and had an effect on the beginning net position of the governmental activities as detailed below.

| | | Governmental Activities Net Position | | | |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Balance at June 30, 2021, as previously reported | \$ | 20,444,661 | | | |
| Adjustments: Net book value leased asset Lease liability | _ | 216,335 (134,800) | | | |
| Balance at July 1, 2021, as restated | \$ | 20,526,196 | | | |

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 4, 2022, the District issued a refunding bond in the amount of \$6,320,000 at an interest rate of 5% and maturities through June 15, 2026 to refund existing serial bonds.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the year ended June 30, 2022

| REVENUE | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual |
|--|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| LOCAL SOURCES: | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ 6,238,263 | \$ 6,238,263 | \$ 5,389,534 | \$ (848,729) |
| Other tax items | 75,871 | 75,871 | 908,423 | 832,552 |
| Charges for services | 28,710 | 28,710 | - | (28,710) |
| Use of money and property | 154,000 | 154,000 | 48,887 | (105,113) |
| Sale of property and compensation for loss | - | - | 132,315 | 132,315 |
| Miscellaneous | 285,000 | 286,000 | 541,342 | 255,342 |
| Total local sources | 6,781,844 | 6,782,844 | 7,020,501 | 237,657 |
| State sources | 26,184,441 | 26,184,441 | 25,381,034 | (803,407) |
| Federal sources | 200,000 | 201,612 | 334,627 | 133,015 |
| Total revenue | 33,166,285 | 33,168,897 | 32,736,162 | (432,735) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | |
| Proceeds from capital leases | <u>-</u> | | 49,921 | 49,921 |
| Total revenues and other sources | \$ 33,166,285 | \$ 33,168,897 | \$ 32,786,083 | \$ (382,814) |

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)
For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Encumbrances | Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual |
|--|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| EXPENDITURES | Original budget | Tillal budget | Actual | Liteationalices | Actual |
| GENERAL SUPPORT: | | | | | |
| Board of education | \$ 35,604 | \$ 35,604 | \$ 16,032 | \$ 43 | \$ 19,529 |
| Central administration | 222,990 | 223,416 | 200,697 | 958 | 21,761 |
| Finance | 662,259 | 681,494 | 562,498 | 37,306 | 81,690 |
| Staff | 213,613 | 220,098 | 154,733 | 6,800 | 58,565 |
| Central services | 2,143,509 | 2,255,701 | 2,163,002 | 31,732 | 60,967 |
| Special items | 672,664 | 687,772 | 685,965 | - | 1,807 |
| Total general support | 3,950,639 | 4,104,085 | 3,782,927 | 76,839 | 244,319 |
| INSTRUCTION: | | | | | |
| Instruction, administration, and improvement | 1,146,607 | 1,150,207 | 916,345 | - | 233,862 |
| Teaching - Regular school | 6,948,119 | 6,917,316 | 6,334,023 | 37,507 | 545,786 |
| Programs for children with handicapping conditions | 4,754,264 | 4,801,613 | 4,626,123 | - | 175,490 |
| Occupational education | 797,530 | 797,530 | 799,330 | - | (1,800) |
| Teaching - Special school | 867,788 | 867,788 | 861,030 | - | 6,758 |
| Instructional media | 785,729 | 949,510 | 735,716 | 4,980 | 208,814 |
| Pupil services | 1,158,132 | 1,159,703 | 945,520 | 1,520 | 212,663 |
| Total instruction | 16,458,169 | 16,643,667 | 15,218,087 | 44,007 | 1,381,573 |
| Pupil transportation | 2,101,816 | 2,104,066 | 2,302,460 | 4,291 | (202,685) |
| Employee benefits | 7,618,111 | 7,590,737 | 7,053,952 | - | 536,785 |
| Capital outlay | - | - | 49,921 | - | (49,921) |
| Debt service - principal | 2,124,701 | 2,124,701 | 2,124,701 | - | - |
| Debt service - interest | 433,849 | 433,849 | 466,506 | | (32,657) |
| Total expenditures | 32,687,285 | 33,001,105 | 30,998,554 | 125,137 | 1,877,414 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | 479,000 | 7,679,000 | 7,576,655 | _ | 102,345 |
| Total expenditures and other uses | 33,166,285 | 40,680,105 | 38,575,209 | 125,137 | 1,979,759 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$ - | \$ (7,511,208) | (5,789,126) | \$ (125,137) | \$ 1,596,945 |
| FUND BALANCE - beginning of year | | | 26,729,489 | | |
| FUND BALANCE - end of year | | | \$ 20,940,363 | | |

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | | | | | ı | Last 10 Fiscal Yo | ears | (Dollar amour | nts d | lisplayed in tho | usands) | | | | |
|--|-----|-----------------|-------|------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-----------------|-------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|----------------|
| | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | | , | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 2,480,077 | \$ | 2,427,640 | \$ | 1,537,387 | \$ | 1,485,895 | \$ | 1,365,889 | | | | | |
| Interest | | 1,372,569 | | 1,320,453 | | 1,474,877 | | 1,410,327 | | 1,025,925 | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | 6,866,386 | | - | | 2,050,586 | | - | Inform | mation f | or the p | eriods p | rior to |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | 10,352,007 | | - | | 780,972 | | - | im | plement | tation of | f GASB 7 | 5 is |
| Plan change | | - | | (50,600) | | - | | - | | - | unav | ailable a | and will | be comp | leted |
| Benefit payments | _ | (1,349,570) | | (1,321,036) | _ | (1,053,626) | | (1,017,996) | | (865,569) | | | | orward a | |
| Total change in total OPEB liability | | 2,503,076 | | 19,594,850 | | 1,958,638 | | 4,709,784 | | 1,526,245 | | • | me avai | | , |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 64,219,655 | _ | 44,624,805 | _ | 42,666,167 | _ | 37,956,383 | _ | 36,430,138 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ | 66,722,731 | \$ | 64,219,655 | \$ | 44,624,805 | \$ | 42,666,167 | \$ | 37,956,383 | | | | | |
| Covered-employee payroll | | 11,825,309 | | 11,593,441 | | 10,824,611 | | 10,612,364 | | 11,622,396 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll | | 564.2% | | 553.9% | | 412.3% | | 402.0% | | 326.6% | | | | | |
| Notes to schedule: Changes of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and The following reflects the discount rate used each period | | er inputs refle | ct th | ne effects of ch | ang | ges in the disco | unt | rate each perio | od. | | | | | | |
| Discount rate | ou. | 2.16% | | 2.16% | | 3.50% | | 3.50% | | 2.80% | im una\ | plemen ailable ach year | tation o | eriods p f GASB 7 be comp orward a | 5 is oleted |

Plan assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
For the year ended June 30, 2022

as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

| | | | | | | Las | t 10 | Fiscal Years (| Doll | lar amounts d | ispla | ayed in thous | ands | s) | | | | |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|------|----------------|------|---------------|-------|---------------|-------|------------|----|------------|------|------|
| NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | C | 0.0095658% | C | 0.0105033% | (| 0.0107862% | | 0.0105748% | | 0.0106401% | (| 0.0105225% | C | 0.0112814% | (| 0.0100000% | ** | ** |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | (782) | \$ | 10 | \$ | 2,856 | \$ | 749 | \$ | 343 | \$ | 989 | \$ | 1,811 | \$ | 387 | ** | ** |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 3,163 | \$ | 3,504 | \$ | 3,383 | \$ | 3,421 | \$ | 3,521 | \$ | 3,319 | \$ | 3,262 | \$ | 3,021 | ** | ** |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | -24.72% | | 29.00% | | 84.42% | | 21.89% | | 9.74% | | 29.80% | | 55.52% | | 12.81% | ** | ** |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 103.65% | | 99.95% | | 86.39% | | 96.30% | | 98.20% | | 94.70% | | 90.70% | | 97.90% | ** | ** |
| | | | | | | Lac | + 10 | Fiscal Voars (| Dall | lar amounts d | licn! | avad in thous | ando | -1 | | | | |
| NICH VODY CTATE TEACHEDS DETIDERATELY CYCTERA DI ANI | | 2022 | | 2024 | | | 1 10 | • | DOII | | ізріс | • | arrus | • | | 2015 | 2014 | 2012 |
| NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | | 0.056162% | | 0.054854% | | 0.054846% | | 0.057928% | | 0.056078% | | 0.056655% | | 0.061136% | | 0.060497% | ** | ** |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | (9,732) | \$ | 1,516 | \$ | (1,425) | \$ | (1,047) | \$ | (429) | \$ | 607 | \$ | (6,350) | \$ | (6,739) | ** | ** |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 9,597 | \$ | 9,471 | \$ | 9,319 | \$ | 9,155 | \$ | 9,712 | \$ | 8,950 | \$ | | \$ | 9,929 | ** | ** |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | - | | - | | - | • | - | | | | • | • | • | • | - | - | | |

-15.29%

102.17%

-11.44%

101.53%

-4.42%

100.70%

6.78%

99.01%

-67.15%

110.50%

-67.87%

111.50%

16.01%

97.76%

-101.41%

113.25%

^{**} Information for the periods prior to implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed for each year going forward as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plans
For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | | | Last | t 10 F | iscal Years (| Dollai | r amounts o | lisplay | ed in thou | sands | 5) | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|------|
| NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required | \$ 479 479 | \$ 481 481 | \$ 470 470 | \$ | 448 448 | \$ | 477 477 | \$ | 450 450 | \$ | 497 497 | \$ 578 578 | ** | ** |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | ** | ** |
| Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | \$ 3,163 15.16% | \$ 3,504 13.74% | \$ 3,383 13.88% | \$ | 3,421 13.10% | \$ | 3,521 13.55% | \$ | 3,319 13.56% | \$ | 3,262 15.24% | \$ 3,021 19.13% | ** | ** |

| | | | Las | t 10 F | iscal Years (| Dolla | r amounts c | lisplay | ed in thou | sand | s) | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------|-------|-------------|---------|------------|------|--------|-------------|------|------|
| NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 968 | \$ 898 | \$ 825 | \$ | 925 | \$ | 1,042 | \$ | 1,159 | \$ | 1,610 | \$ 1,506 | ** | ** |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required | 968 | 898 | 825 | | 925 | | 1,042 | | 1,159 | | 1,610 | 1,506 | ** | ** |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ _ | \$ - | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | ** | ** |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 9,597 | \$ 9,471 | \$ 9,319 | \$ | 9,155 | \$ | 9,712 | \$ | 8,950 | \$ | 9,456 | \$ 9,929 | ** | ** |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 10.09% | 9.48% | 8.85% | | 10.10% | | 10.73% | | 12.95% | | 17.03% | 15.17% | ** | ** |

^{**} Information for the periods prior to implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed for each year going forward as they become available.

Supplementary Information
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

| ACCETTO | Sch | nool Lunch | aclassroom ctivities | Sch | nolarship | D | ebt Service | al Nonmajor vernmental Funds |
|---|-----|--|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--|
| ASSETS: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventories | \$ | 189,382 - 202,675 149,276 15,664 | \$ - 105,025 - - - | \$ | - 45,146 - - - | \$ | 50,807 1,884,991 - - - | \$ 240,189 2,035,162 202,675 149,276 15,664 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 556,997 | \$ 105,025 | \$ | 45,146 | \$ | 1,935,798 | \$ 2,642,966 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments | \$ | 62,491 8,103 189,128 13,447 | \$ - - - | \$ | - - - | \$ | - - - | \$ 62,491 8,103 189,128 13,447 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 273,169 | | | | | <u>-</u> | 273,169 |
| FUND BALANCE: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 15,664 | | | | | <u>-</u> | 15,664 |
| Restricted: | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service Other | | 268,164 | 105,025 | | 45,146 | | 1,884,991 <u>-</u> | 1,884,991 418,335 |
| Total restricted fund balance | | 268,164 | 105,025 | | 45,146 | | 1,884,991 | 2,303,326 |
| Assigned: Other | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | 50,807 | 50,807 |
| Total assigned fund balance | | | <u> </u> | | | | 50,807 | 50,807 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCE | | 283,828 | 105,025 | | 45,146 | | 1,935,798 | 2,369,797 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | \$ | 556,997 | \$ 105,025 | \$ | 45,146 | \$ | 1,935,798 | \$ 2,642,966 |

Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | Sch | ool Lunch | aclassroom ctivities | Sch | olarship | Del | ot Service | al Nonmajor vernmental Funds |
|--|-----|-----------|-------------------------|-----|----------|-----|------------|------------------------------------|
| REVENUE: | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ | 87,944 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 87,944 |
| Use of money and property | | 92 | - | | 13 | | 3,008 | 3,113 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | 67,608 | | 7,179 | | - | 74,787 |
| State sources | | 14,608 | - | | - | | - | 14,608 |
| Federal sources | | 732,149 | | | | | | 732,149 |
| Total revenue | | 834,793 | 67,608 | | 7,192 | | 3,008 | 912,601 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| General support | | 370,679 | - | | - | | - | 370,679 |
| Employee benefits | | 116,163 | - | | - | | - | 116,163 |
| Cost of sales | | 401,500 | - | | - | | - | 401,500 |
| Other expenditures | | <u>-</u> | 60,307 | | 3,108 | | <u>-</u> | 63,415 |
| Total expenditures | | 888,342 | 60,307 | | 3,108 | | | 951,757 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES | | (53,549) | 7,301 | | 4,084 | | 3,008 | (39,156) |
| OTHER SOURCES AND (USES): | | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | | <u>-</u> | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total other sources (uses) | | | | | | | | |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | (53,549) | 7,301 | | 4,084 | | 3,008 | (39,156) |
| FUND BALANCE - beginning of year | | 337,377 | 97,724 | | 41,062 | | 1,932,790 | 2,408,953 |
| FUND BALANCE - end of year | \$ | 283,828 | \$ 105,025 | \$ | 45,146 | \$ | 1,935,798 | \$ 2,369,797 |

Other Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Change from Original Budget to Revised Budget and Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2022

| CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Adopted budget | | | \$ 33,166,285 |
| Add: Prior year's encumbrances | | | |
| Original budget | | | 33,166,285 |
| Budget revision | | | 7,513,820 |
| Final budget | | | \$ 40,680,105 |
| SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION | | | |
| 2022-23 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-23 budget) | \$ | 34,999,473 | \$ 1,399,979 |
| General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of | | | |
| Total fund balance: | \$ | 20,940,363 | |
| Less: | | | |
| Restricted fund balance | \$ | 18,256,247 | |
| Assigned fund balance: | | | |
| Appropriated fund balance | | 1,159,000 | |
| Encumbrances included in committed and assigned | | 125,137 | |
| Total adjustments | <u>\$</u> | 19,540,384 | |
| General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of | | | |
| Real Property Tax Law | | | \$ 1,399,979 |
| Actual percentage | | | 4.00% |

^{*}Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of [General Fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

Other Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund
For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | | | | | Expe | nditures | | | |
|---|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|------|----------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| | Ori | ginal Budget | Rev | rised Budget | Prio | r Years | Cu | irrent Year | Total |
| PROJECT TITLE / SED PROJECT NUMBER | | | | | | | | | |
| Buses 2022 | \$ | 236,000 | \$ | 236,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 173,120 | \$ 173,120 |
| Capital Outlay 2021-22 | | 100,000 | | 99,250 | | - | | 99,250 | 99,250 |
| Dec. 2021 \$37 million Project-JRSR-Phase I (001021) | | 4,353,467 | | 4,533,647 | | - | | 94,942 | 94,942 |
| Dec. 2021 \$37 million Project-BG-Phase I | | 2,932,299 | | 2,932,299 | | - | | 651,921 | 651,921 |
| Dec. 2021 \$37 million Project-JRSR-Phase II (001022) | | 18,436,570 | | 18,256,390 | | - | | 67,296 | 67,296 |
| Dec. 2021 \$37 million Project-WW-Phase II | | 2,641,872 | | 2,641,872 | | - | | - | - |
| Dec. 2021 \$37 million Project-ELEM-Phase III | | 8,635,792 | | 8,635,792 | | - | | - | - |
| Smart School Bonds | | 2,067,182 | | 580,506 | | _ | | 175,470 | 175,470 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 39,403,182 | \$ | 37,915,756 | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 1,261,999 | \$ 1,261,999 |

Other Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund (Continued)
For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | | | | | M | lethod | ds of Financir | ıg | | | | | |
|----|------------|--------|----------|----|----------|--------|----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|-----|-------------|
| A | Available | Proce | eds of | | | | | | | | | Fu | nd Balance |
| | Balance | Obliga | ations | S | tate Aid | Loc | al Sources | | Transfers | | Total | Jui | ne 30, 2022 |
| \$ | 62,880 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 236,000 | \$ | 236,000 | \$ | 62,880 |
| Ą | 02,000 | Ą | _ | Ą | _ | Ų | - | Ų | 99,250 | Ţ | 99,250 | Ų | 02,880 |
| | 4,438,705 | | _ | | _ | | - | | 4,533,467 | | 4,533,467 | | 4,438,525 |
| | 2,280,378 | | - | | - | | - | | 1,666,533 | | 1,666,533 | | 1,014,612 |
| | 18,189,094 | | - | | - | | - | | 1,000,000 | | 1,000,000 | | 932,704 |
| | 2,641,872 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 8,635,792 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 405,036 | | <u>-</u> | | 175,470 | | | | | | 175,470 | | |
| \$ | 36,653,757 | \$ | - | \$ | 175,470 | \$ | _ | \$ | 7,535,250 | \$ | 7,710,720 | \$ | 6,448,721 |

Other Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2022

| Capital assets, net | \$ 46,251,524 |
|---|------------------|
| Deduct: | |
| Short-term portion of bonds payable | 2,060,000 |
| Long-term portion of bonds payable | 5,490,000 |
| Short-term portion of lease liabilities | 36,375 |
| Long-term portion of lease liabilities | 88,645 |
| Other capital-related liabilities | 264,402 |
| | |
| | 7,939,422 |
| | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 38,312,102 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 7, 2022

To the Board of Education of
Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

432 North Franklin Street, #60 Syracuse, New York 13204 p (315) 476-4004 f (315) 254-2384

www.bonadio.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item number 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 7, 2022

To the Board of Education of
Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinions on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

432 North Franklin Street, #60 Syracuse, New York 13204 p (315) 476-4004 f (315) 254-2384

www.bonadio.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended June 30, 2022

| | Federal | Pass-Through Entity Identification | |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------|
| Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title | Assistance Listing | Number | Expenditures |
| LLC Development of April culture | | | |
| U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | |
| Passed-through New York State Dept. of Education: COVID-19: Pandemic EBT Food Benefits | 10.542 | N/A | \$ 1,202 |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | |
| National School Lunch Program (Noncash food donations) | 10.555 | N/A | 26,925 |
| National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | N/A | 529,623 |
| Total National School Lunch Program | | | 556,548 |
| School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | N/A | 153,674 |
| Summer Food Service Program | 10.559 | N/A | 20,725 |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | _5.555 | | 730,947 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | 732,149 |
| U.S. Department of Education | | | |
| Passed-through New York State Dept. of Education: | | | |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): | | | |
| COVID-19: Special Education - Grants to States | 84.027 | 5532-22-0710 | 1,348 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | 84.027 | 0032-22-0710 | 369,131 |
| Total Special Education - Grants to States | 0 11027 | 0001 11 0, 10 | 370,479 |
| | 04.470 | 5500 00 0740 | 4.005 |
| COVID-19: Special Education - Preschool Grants | 84.173 | 5533-22-0710 | 1,225 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants | 84.173 | 0033-22-0710 | 20,778 |
| Total Special Education - Preschool Grants | | | 22,003 |
| Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | | 392,482 |
| Education Stabilization Fund: | | | |
| COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School | | | |
| Emergency Relief Fund | 84.425D | 5895-21-2330 | 810 |
| COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School | | | |
| Emergency Relief Fund | 84.425D | 5891-22-2330 | 554,533 |
| Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief | | | 555,343 |
| COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief | 84.425C | 5890-21-2330 | 802 |
| COVID-19: American Rescue Plan-Elementary and | | | |
| Secondary School Emergency Relief | 84.425U | 5880-22-2330 | 173,755 |
| COVID-19: American Rescue Plan-Elementary and | | | |
| Secondary School Emergency Relief | 84.425U | 5884-22-2330 | 432,866 |
| Total American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary | | | 606,621 |
| Total Education Stabilization Fund | | | 1,162,766 |
| | | | (Continued) |

| Other Programs: | | | |
|--|--------|--------------|--------------|
| Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | 0021-22-2330 | 377,633 |
| Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | 0021-21-2330 | 7,359 |
| Total Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies | | | 384,992 |
| Title IIA, Supporting Effective Instructional State Grants | 84.367 | 0147-21-2330 | 24,625 |
| Title IIA, Supporting Effective Instructional State Grants | 84.367 | 0147-22-2330 | 19,653 |
| Total Title IIA, Supporting Effective Instructional State Grants | | | 44,278 |
| Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program | 84.424 | 0204-22-2330 | 15,374 |
| Total Other Programs | | | 444,644 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | | 1,999,892 |
| Total expenditures of federal awards | | | \$ 2,732,041 |

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District (the District), under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or the respective changes in financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and the amounts presented are derived from the District's general ledger. Federal expenditures are recorded when an allowable cost is incurred under the applicable program and is due and payable.

3. PASS-THROUGH PROGRAMS

Where the District receives funds from a government entity other than the federal government (pass-through), the funds are accumulated based upon the Assistance Listing (AL) number advised by the pass-through grantor.

Identifying numbers, other than the Assistance Listings, which may be assigned by pass-through grantors are not maintained in the District's financial management system. The District has identified certain pass-through identifying numbers and included them in the Schedule, as available.

4. INDIRECT COSTS

Indirect costs are not included in the reported expenditures as they are not included in the federal funding for each program. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

5. MATCHING COSTS

Matching costs, i.e., the District's or State's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

6. NON-MONETARY FEDERAL PROGRAM

The District is the recipient of a federal financial award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements termed a "non-monetary" program. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received food commodities, the fair value of which amounted to \$26,925, is presented in the Schedule as National School Lunch Program (Division of Donated Foods, AL#10.555).

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2022

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

| Financial Statements | | |
|--|------------|-----------------|
| Type of auditor's report issued on whether the District's | | |
| financial statements are prepared in accordance with | Unmodified | |
| Internal control over financial reporting: | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | ✓ Yes | ☐ No |
| Significant deficiencies identified? | Yes | ✓ None reported |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | Yes | ✓ None reported |
| Federal Awards | | |
| Internal control over major programs: | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | ✓ No |
| Significant deficiencies identified? | Yes Yes | ✓ None reported |
| Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: | Unmodified | |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? | Yes | ✓ No |
| The dollar threshold to distinguish Types A and B programs was \$750,000. | | |
| The major federal program of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as fo | llows: | |
| U.S. Department of Education | | |
| Education Stabilization Fund (84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U) | | |

The District was considered a low-risk auditee for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2022

Part II - Financial Statement Findings

Reference: 2022-001

Financial Reporting

Criteria:

Internal controls over financial reporting should be properly designed, documented and implemented to ensure all material transactions are recorded properly in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Cause/Condition:

Two invoices paid subsequent to year end pertained to for services provided and received during the year ended June 30, 2022 and were not accrued for in the year then ended.

Effect:

Expenditures were understated for the year ending June 30, 2022. Material audit adjustments were necessary to present the financial statement in accordance with GAAP.

Capital Projects Fund

| - ! - ! ! | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Expenditures | \$ 182,232 | |
| Accounts payable | | \$ 182,232 |
| Due from other governments | \$ 93,300 | |
| Revenues | | \$ 93,300 |
| Governmental Activities | | |
| Capital assets | \$ 88,932 | |
| Expenses | \$ 93,300 | |
| Accounts Payable | | \$ 182,232 |
| Due from other governments | \$ 93,300 | |
| Revenues | | \$ 93,300 |

Recommendation:

We recommend management develop and document policies and procedures that require all activity and transactions be recorded in the correct fiscal year in accordance with GAAP.

Management's Response:

Management acknowledges that the internal controls over financial reporting for accounts payable can be improved in the area of making the payment on time. To that end, the district will implement a process whereby the invoice will be date stamped at the time of receipt in the mail. Additionally, the district will work with vendors and the invoices received by email, specifically requesting vendors to send the invoice directly to accounts payable thus eliminating the potential for delay in processing. These changes along with a weekly review of accounts payable invoices selected for payment will be implemented to afford the district a continuous review of invoices and flagging those that need attention before the next regularly scheduled biweekly accounts payable processing.

Part III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.